الجامعة اللبنانية كلية الاعلام مباراة الدخول للعام الجامعي 2022-2023 مسابقة في الرياضيات / اختصاص علم البيانات / مدة الامتحان: ساعة ونصف

## Problem I. (25 points)

The evolution of a turnover of a company for the period 2001 -2010 is given in the table below:

Year	2001	2003	2006	2008	2010
Rank of the year $x_i$	1	3	6	8	10
Turnover expressed in billions of dollars $y_i$	64.8	68.7	72.7	77.1	82.1

- 1. Calculate the means  $\bar{x}$  and  $\bar{y}$ .
- 2. Represent, in an orthonormal system, the scatter plot of the points associated to this series as well as the mean point G.
- 3. Determine, using the least squares method the equation of the regression line ( $D_{X/Y}$ ) of Y onto X then draw the line in the same system.
- 4. Estimate the turnover in the year 2012.
- 5. Starting from which year the turnover of this company exceeds 100 billion of dollars.
- 6. Calculate the percentage of the increase of the turnover from 2006 to 2010.

## Problem II. (The questions in this problem are independent) (30 points)

- 1. What is the simplest value of  $A = 2 \ln(6) 3 \ln(10) + \ln(125) + 2 \ln(2.5)$ ?
- 2. What is the domain of definition of the function  $(x) = \frac{\ln(x-1)}{5-x^2-4x}$ ?
- 3. What is the solution of the equation  $\ln(3-2x) \ln(x) = 2 + \ln(3)$ ?
- 4. What is the derivative of the function  $f(x) = xe^{2x} + \frac{\ln(x+1)}{3x-5}$ ?
- 5. What is the limit of the function  $f(x) = \frac{3+2\ln(x)}{1+\ln(x)}$  at  $+\infty$ ?

## Problem III. (45 points)

Consider the function f defined over  $\mathbb{R}$  by  $f(x) = \frac{9}{4+e^x}$  and denote by (C) its representative curve in an orthonormal system of origin O.

- 1) Find the domain of definition of f(x) and use it to deduce the asymptotes.
- 2) Verify that f(x) is decreasing and set up its table of variations.
- 3) Determine the coordinates of the point of intersection of (C) with the y-axis.

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- 4) Use the informations found in parts a) b) and c) to draw the curve of the function f(x).
- 5) Definitions (convexity of a function).
  - We say that a function f is convex over an interval I if  $f''(x) \ge 0 \ \forall x \in I$ .
  - We say that a function f is concave over an interval I if  $f''(x) \le 0 \ \forall x \in I$ .
  - a) Prove that  $f''(x) = \frac{9(e^x 4)e^x}{(e^x + 4)^3}$ .
  - b) Study the convexity of the function f(x).